



Burrowes State School

Pride@Burrowes Persistence Resilience Integrity Determination Empathy

Student Code of Conduct



Equity and Excellence A progressive, high performing education system realising the potential of every student

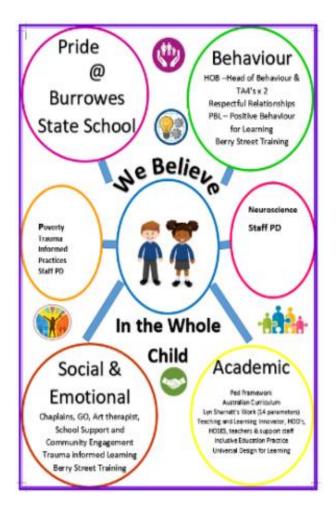
Queensland Department of Education

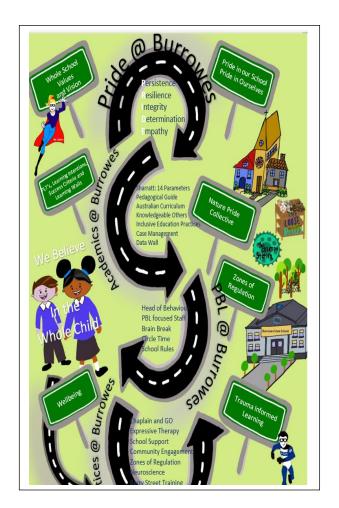
Purpose

Burrowes State School is committed to providing a safe, respectful and disciplined learning environment for all students, staff, parents and visitors. We promote 'Pride @ Burrowes' and are a proud PBL school. We believe providing a learning experience that meets the needs of the 'Whole Child'. Every team member is committed to ensuring that every child is given every opportunity and support to be successful every day.

The Burrowes State School Student Code of Conduct sets out the responsibilities and processes we use in our school to promote a productive, effective whole school approach to discipline.

Its purpose is to facilitate high standards of behaviour from all in the school community, ensuring learning and teaching in our school is prioritised, where all students are able to experience success and staff enjoy a safe workplace.





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Endorsement

Principal Name:	Trish Wilmott	
Principal Signature:	stend Of 9	
Date: 29 th July 2024	Date: 29 th July 2024	
P/C President Name:	Cherie Hill	
P/C President Signature:	CUBEN	
Date:		

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Principal's Foreword

Introduction

Burrowes State School has a long and proud tradition of providing high quality education to students from across Marsden and the surrounding community. We believe strong, positive relationships between all members of our school are the foundation to supporting the success of all students. We value and promote the three way partnership between students, parents, staff and community members.

As a school we promote Pride @ Burrowes.

Persistence Resilience Integrity Determination Empathy

These values, alongside our PBL framework, have been used in the development of this Student Code of Conduct, with the aim of helping shape and build the skills of all our students to be confident, self-disciplined and kind young people. Our school staff believe that communication and positive connections with other people are the most valuable skills our communities need now and in the future.

Burrowes State School staff take an educative approach to discipline, that behaviour can be taught and that mistakes are opportunities for everyone to learn. Our Student Code of Conduct provides an overview of the school's local policies on use of mobile phones and other technology, removal of student property and the approach to preventing and addressing incidents of bullying. It also details the steps school staff take to educate students about these policies and how students are explicitly taught the expected behaviours. Finally, it details the consequences that may apply when students breach the expected standards of behaviour, including the use of suspension or exclusion.

I thank the students, teachers, parents and other members of the community for their work in bringing this Burrowes State School Student Code of Conduct together over the past few months. Your interest and views shared through the process of developing this document have been invaluable. It provides a clear explanation of what we expect from students and how we will support them to meet those expectations.

Whole School Approach to Discipline

Burrowes State School uses Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) as the multi-tiered system of support for discipline in the school. This is a whole-school approach, used in all classrooms and programs offered through the school, including sporting activities and excursions.

PBL is an evidence-based framework used to:

- analyse and improve student behaviour and learning outcomes
- ensure that only evidence-based practices are used correctly by teachers to support students
- continually support staff members to maintain consistent school and classroom improvement practices.

Our schools rules are:

I am safe I am respectful I am responsible I am a learner

Behavioural expectations of students in all aspects of school life have been collaboratively created and are displayed in all areas of the school. The Behavioural Expectations are addressed in PBL lessons that are undertaken weekly in classrooms.

At Burrowes State School we believe discipline is about more than punishment. It is a word that reflects our belief that student behaviour is a part of the overall teaching and learning approach in our school. Our staff take responsibility for making their expectations clear, for providing supportive instruction about how to meet these expectations and strive to use behavioural incidents as opportunities to re-teach.

The development of the Burrowes State School Student Code of Conduct is an opportunity to explain the PBL framework with parents and students, and gain their support to implement a consistent approach to teaching behaviour. The language and expectations of PBL can be used in any environment, including the home setting for students. Doing everything we can do to set students up for success is a shared goal of every parent and school staff member.

Any students or parents who have questions or would like to discuss the Student Code of Conduct or PBL are encouraged to speak with the class teacher or make an appointment to meet with the principal.

PBL Expectations

Our staff are committed to delivering a high quality of education for every student, and believe all adults in the school, whether visiting or working, should meet the same Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) expectations in place for students – I am Safe, I am Respectful, I am a Learner and I am Responsible.

Students

Below is a copy of the PBL behavioural expectations for students at Burrowes SS. These expectations have been collaboratively created and help students and visitors understand the expectations and meet the standards we hold for everyone at Burrowes State School.

Behavioural Expectations

Burrowes State School BEHAVIOUR EXPECTATIONS MATRIX						
OUR EXPECTATIONS	ALL AREAS	CLASSROOM	TRANSITIONS	EATING TIME	TOILETS	PLAY TIME AND OUTDOOR LEARNING
BE • • SAFE	 We keep our hands and feet to ourselves We use equipment correctly and at the right times 	We only enter or leave a room with permission We sit sensibly on our chairs We move around the room safely	 We stay with our class We are sensible while walking 	We only est our own food We keep our area tidy – litter in the bin We sit in the correct area	We do not play in or around the toilets We wash our hands We leave the area clean	• We play in the correct area • We wear our hats • We use the play equipment correctly • We report any problems to the teacher on duty
BE CONTRESPECTFUL	 We listen while others are speaking 	 We put our hand up to speak We keep our classroom tidy 	 We move around the school quietly We walk and stop when the teacher asks us to We use the High 5 strategies 	• We put our rubbish in the bin	We value privacy: close and lock the door We always flush the toilet	 We follow the duty teacher's directions
BE CONSIBLE	We use appropriate language. We use our manners (please, thank you)	 We bring only learning materials into the classroom We use equipment such as scissors safely. 	We walk in two straight lines.	• We let the teacher know if we have no food.	We return back to class quickly after using the toilet.	 We use the High 5: Ignore, Friendly talk, Walk away, Firm talk, Report.
BE A LEARNER	We listen to the speaker. We follow instructions. We use appropriate language.	We use whole body listening. We put our hand up to speak. We are organised and ready to learn. We participate and try our hardest.	We line up quietly. We walk past other classrooms quietly. We pack up quickly and quietly.	We pack up when it is time to learn. We sit quietly.	We use the toilet at break times, not in learning time. We wear a class lanyard when going to the toilet.	 We help our friends if they are hurt.

Parents and Community Code of Conduct

Parents please note that the Parent and Community Code of Conduct below is also available on the school website.



Parent and Community Code of Conduct

Supporting learning, wellbeing and safety in our school

We welcome parents/carers1 and other members of our diverse community into our school.

Working together with the school community², school staff support the learning and wellbeing of every student, and are entitled to a safe work environment.

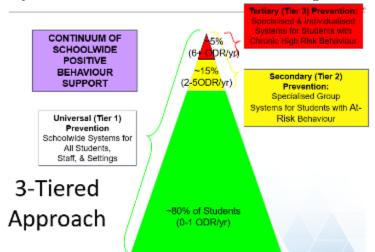
Parents and other visitors to our school support safety by ensuring their communications and conduct at the school and school activities is respectful.

ELEMENTS OF ENGAGEMENT	It is expected that parents/carers and visitors to our school will:	Parents/carers and visitors to our school demonstrate this by:
	be polite to others	 using polite spoken and written language
	act as positive role models	 speaking and behaving respectfully at all times
	 recognise and respect personal differences 	 being compassionate when interacting with others informing staff if the behaviour of others is negatively
		impacting them or their family
Communication	 use the school's communication process to address concerns 	 respecting staff time by accepting they will respond to appropriate communication when they are able
		 requesting a meeting to discuss any concerns about their child's education – allowing staff time to prepare and appreciating their time may be limited
	 (parents/carers) ensure their child attends school ready to learn 	 taking responsibility for their child arriving and departing school safely on time every day
Collaboration	support the Student Code of Conduct	 reading and encouraging their child to understand and follow the Student Code of Conduct
	· recognise every student is important to us	valuing each child's education
		 acknowledging staff are responsible for supporting the whole school community
	· contribute to a positive school culture	 speaking positively about the school and its staff
		 not making negative comments or gossiping about other school community members, including students in person, in writing or on social media
School Culture	 work together with staff to resolve issues or concerns 	 understanding, at times, compromises may be necessary
	 respect people's privacy 	 considering the privacy of all school community members at all times, and understanding that the school cannot share confidential information.

Differentiated and Explicit Teaching

Burrowes State School is a disciplined school environment that provides differentiated teaching to respond to the learning needs of all students. This involves teaching expected behaviours and providing opportunities for students to practise these behaviours. Teachers reinforce expected behaviours, provide feedback and correction, and opportunities for practise.

Teachers at Burrowes State School vary what students are taught, how they are taught and how students can demonstrate what they know as part of this differentiated approach to behaviour. These decisions about differentiation are made in response to data and day-to-day monitoring that indicates the behavioural learning needs of students. This enables our teachers to purposefully plan a variety of ways to engage students; assist them to achieve the expected learning; and to demonstrate their learning.



There are three main layers to differentiation, as illustrated in the diagram below.

These three layers map directly to a tiered approach. For example, in the PBL framework, Tier 1 is differentiated and explicit teaching for all students, Tier 2 is focussed teaching for identified students and Tier 3 is intensive teaching for a small number of students. Each layer provides progressively more personalised supports for students.

Focused Teaching

Approximately 25% of all students in any school or classroom may require additional support to meet behaviour expectations, even after being provided with differentiated and explicit teaching. These students may have difficulty meeting behavioural expectations in a particular period of the day or as part of a learning area/subject, and focused teaching is provided to help them achieve success.

Focused teaching involves revisiting key behavioural concepts and/or skills and using explicit and structured teaching strategies in particular aspects of a behaviour skill. Focused teaching provides students with more opportunities to practise skills and multiple opportunities to achieve the intended learning and expected behaviour.

Support staff, including teachers with specialist expertise in learning, language or development, work collaboratively with class teachers at Burrowes State School to provide focused teaching. Focused teaching is aligned to the PBL Expectations Matrix, and student progress is monitored by the classroom teacher/s to identify those who:

- no longer require the additional support
- require ongoing focussed teaching
- require intensive teaching.

Burrowes State School has a range of Student Support Network staff in place to help arrange and deliver focused teaching to students who need more support to meet expectations. In addition, the school invests in the following evidence-informed programs to address specific skill development for some students:

- Art Therapy
- Passport to Play Zones of Regulation (lunchtime program)
- Structured Play
- Playground Check-in (with playground duty teacher)

For more information about these programs, please speak with the Guidance Officer, Jackie Maxsoud or the Deputy Principal of Year 6 & Behaviour, David Gurney.

Intensive Teaching

Research evidence shows that even in an effective, well-functioning school there will always be approximately 5% of the student population who require intensive teaching to achieve behavioural expectations. Intensive teaching involves frequent and explicit instruction, with individuals or in small groups, to develop mastery of basic behavioural concepts, skills and knowledge.

Some students may require intensive teaching for a short period, for particular behaviour skills. Other students may require intensive teaching for a more prolonged period. Decisions about the approach will be made based on data collected from their teacher or teachers, and following consultation with the student's family.

For a small number of students who continue to display behaviours that are deemed complex and challenging, then individualised, function-based behaviour assessment and support plans and multi-agency collaboration may be provided to support the student. This approach will seek to address the acute impact of barriers to learning and participation faced by students who are negotiating a number of complex personal issues.

For some students, this intensive teaching may take place onsite with school staff. Other students may require a referral to an outside agency such as a Positive Learning Centre. Decisions regarding which students require which intensive supports are made at a weekly Wellbeing/Behaviour Meeting, attended by the Head of Behaviour, Guidance Officer, Deputy

Principals, Head of Student Support and the Principal.

The disciplinary consequences model used at Burrowes State School follows the same differentiated approach used in the proactive teaching and support of student behavioural expectations.

The majority of students will be confident and capable of meeting established expectations that are clear, explicitly taught and practised. In-class corrective feedback, sanctions and rule reminders may be used by teachers to respond to low-level or minor problem behaviours.

Some students will need additional support, time and opportunities to practise expected behaviours. Approximately 15% of the student population may experience difficulty with meeting the stated expectations, and even with focussed teaching, in-class corrective feedback, sanctions and rule reminders continue to display low-level problem behaviour. A continued pattern of low-level behaviour can interfere with teaching and learning for the whole class, and a decision may be needed by the class teacher to refer the student to the PBL team, Deputy Principal and Head of Student Support immediately for determination of a disciplinary consequence.

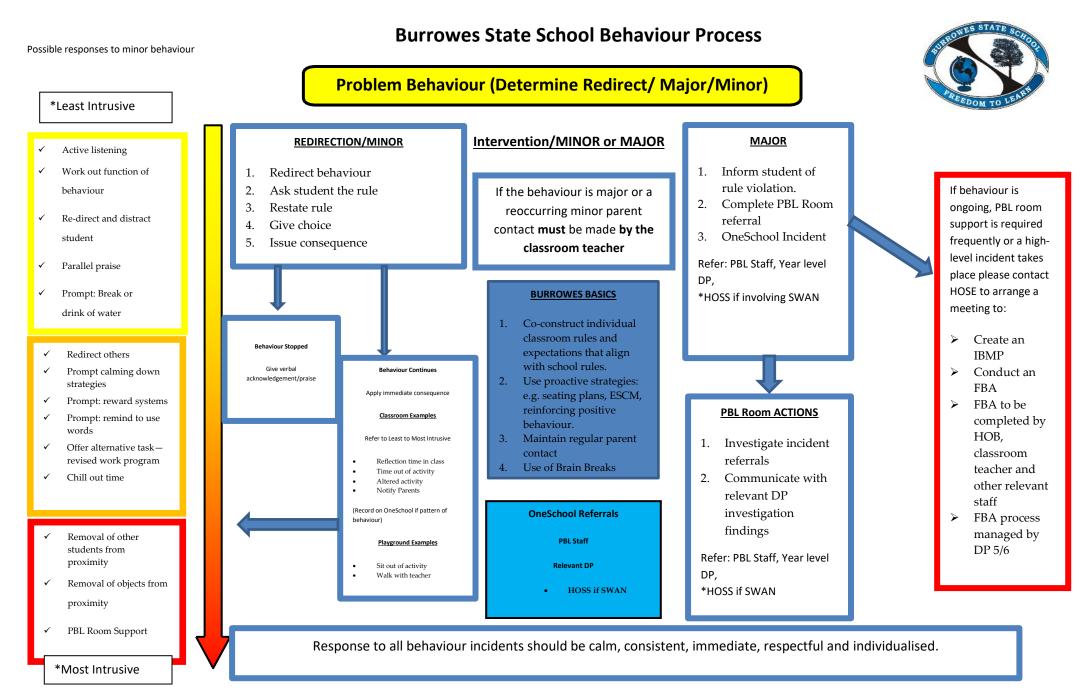
For a small number of students, approximately 2-5%, a high level of differentiated support or intensive teaching is required to enable them to meet the behavioural expectations. This may be needed throughout the school year on a continuous basis. The determination of the need will be made by the principal in consultation with staff and other relevant stakeholders. On occasion the behaviour of a student may be so serious, such as causing harm to other students or to staff, that the principal may determine that an out of school suspension or exclusion is necessary as a consequence for the student's behaviour. Usually, this course of action is only taken when the behaviour is either so serious as to warrant immediate removal of the student for the safety of others, and no other alternative discipline strategy is considered sufficient to deal with the inappropriate behaviour.

The differentiated responses to inappropriate behaviour can be organised into three tiers, with increasing intensity of support and consequences to address behaviour that endangers others or causes major, ongoing interference with class or school operations.

The Table below was collaboratively developed by staff and following consultation with the Burrowes State School P&C was published as the three tiers of behaviour classification.

The following flow chart explains the consistent approach that teachers at Burrowes SS will take to addressing inappropriate behaviour

OneSchool Category Positive Intervention by Staff Staff		Minor	<u>Major</u>	
Physical Aggression	Rough play	Excessive rough play hitting with an object	Punching to the head or face Hitting with an object	
Fighting	Play fighting (hitting with hats)	Play fighting	Fighting – punching, tackling, kicking	
Defiance Refusal to follow instructions		Refusal to complete tasks	Repeated refusal to follow instructions or complete tasks	
Abusive Language	Accidental swearing	Racial comments Swearing repeatedly	Racial comments directed at someone Swearing at someone	
Disruption	Disrupting class – talking out of turn, tapping, clicking, moving around	Repeated disruption despite reminder to return to task	Deliberately disrupting the learning of others	
Property misuse causing risk to others		Throwing, kicking, moving property with others in the vicinity	Deliberately throwing, kicking or moving property towards others	
Disrespect	Accidentally disrespecting someone	Showing disrespect towards others	Deliberately being disrespectful	
Bullying	Teasing/annoying someone	Teasing/annoying someone repeatedly	Ongoing bullying despite intervention	
Theft		Taking someone's property accidentally	Stealing someone's property	
Harassment	Harassing someone	Repeated harassment of someone	Ongoing harassment of someone despite intervention	
Academic Misconduct	Refusal to complete tasks	Repeated refusal to complete tasks	Cheating on school work or assessment	
Refusal to participate in the educational program of the school	Not following the school rules	Repeated refusal to follow school rules and expectations	Deliberately ignoring school rules and teacher direction	
Technology violation	Attempting to use technology for non-educational purposes	Repeated use of non- educational sites without permission		
Truancy (out of class)	Arriving late to school	Leaving class without permission	Leaving class without permission and refusing to return	
Substance misconduct involving illegal substances	Unknowingly being in possession of a substance		Deliberately bringing an illegal substance to school	
Substance misconduct tobacco and other legal substances	Unknowingly being in possession of tobacco or other legal substances		Deliberately bringing tobacco or other legal substances to school	
Property Damage		Accidentally damaging property	Deliberately damaging property	



Consequences are determined by school staff, depending on the incident this may include PBL room staff, Deputy Principal and/or Principal.

The following table provides a guide to appropriate consequences, however, please note each individual incident is considered on a case by case basis and consequences will depend on many factors.

	Possible Consequences
Minor Behaviours	Managed by classroom teachers – may include; redirection withdrawal from play, completing work in own time, altered activity
Major Behaviours	Managed by classroom teachers with support from PBL room staff, Deputy Principal and/or Principal – withdrawal of privileges (incl. play, school sport, leadership positions), suspension, part time placement plan (shortened day at school)

School Disciplinary Absences

A School Disciplinary Absence (SDA) is an enforced period of absence from attending a Queensland state school, applied by the Principal as a consequence to address poor student behaviour. There are four types of SDA:

- Short suspension (1 to 10 school days)
- Long suspension (11 to 20 school days)
- Charge-related suspension
- Exclusion (period of not more than one year or permanently).

At Burrowes State School, the use of any SDA is considered a very serious decision. It is typically only used by the Principal when other options have been exhausted or the student's behaviour is so dangerous that continued attendance at the school is considered a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the school community.

Parents and students may appeal a long suspension, charge-related suspension or exclusion decision. A review will be conducted by the Director-General or their delegate, and a decision made within 40 schools days to confirm, amend/vary or set aside the original SDA decision by the Principal.

The appeal process is a thorough review of all documentation associated with the SDA decision and provides an opportunity for both the school and the family to present their case in the matter. Time is afforded for collection, dissemination and response to the materials by both the school and the family. It is important that the purpose of the appeal is understood so that expectations are clear, and appropriate supports are in place to ensure students can continue to access their education while completing their SDA.

Re-entry following suspension

Students who are suspended from Burrowes State School may be invited to attend a re-entry meeting on the day of their scheduled return to school. The main purpose of this meeting is to welcome the student, with their parent/s, back to the school. It is **not a time** to review the student's behaviour or the decision to suspend, the student has already received a punishment through their disciplinary absence from school. The aim of the re-entry meeting is for school staff to set the student up for future success and strengthen home-school communication.

School Policies

Burrowes State School has tailored school discipline policies designed to ensure students, staff and visitors work cooperatively to create and maintain a supportive and safe learning environment. Please ensure that you familiarise yourself with the responsibilities for students, staff and visitors outlined in the following policies:

- Temporary removal of student property
- Use of mobile phones and other devices by students
- Preventing and responding to bullying
- Appropriate use of social media

Temporary removal of student property

The removal of any property in a student's possession may be necessary to promote the caring, safe and supportive learning environment of the school, to maintain and foster mutual respect between all state school staff and students. The <u>temporary removal of student property by</u> <u>school staff procedure</u> outlines the processes, conditions and responsibilities for state school principals and school staff when temporarily removing student property.

In determining what constitutes a reasonable time to retain student property, the principal or state school staff will consider:

- the condition, nature or value of the property
- the circumstances in which the property was removed
- the safety of the student from whom the property was removed, other students or staff members
- good management, administration and control of the school.

The Principal or state school staff determine when the temporarily removed student property can be returned, unless the property has been handed to the Queensland Police Service.

The following items are explicitly prohibited at Burrowes State School and will be removed if found in a student's possession:

- illegal items or weapons (e.g. guns, knives*, throwing stars, brass knuckles, chains)
- imitation guns or weapons
- potentially dangerous items (e.g. blades, rope)
- drugs** (including tobacco)
- alcohol
- aerosol deodorants or cans (including spray paint)
- explosives (e.g. fireworks, flares, sparklers)
- flammable solids or liquids (e.g. fire starters, mothballs, lighters)
- poisons (e.g. weed killer, insecticides)
- Vapes or vaping devices
- inappropriate or offensive material (e.g. racist literature, pornography, extremist propaganda).

* No knives of any type are allowed at school, including flick knives, ballistic knives, sheath knives, push daggers, trench knives, butterfly knives, star knives, butter knives, fruit knives or craft knives, or any item that can be used as a weapon, for example a chisel. Knives needed for school activities will be provided by the school, and the use of them will be supervised by school staff. In circumstances where students are required to have their own knives or sharp tools for particular subjects or vocational courses, the school will provide information about the procedures for carrying and storing these items at school.

** The administration of medications to students by school staff is only considered when a prescribing health practitioner has determined that it is necessary or when there is no other alternative in relation to the treatment of a specific health need. Schools require medical authorisation to administer any medication to students (**including over-the-counter medications such as paracetamol or alternative medicines**).

Responsibilities

State school staff at Burrowes State School:

- do not require the student's consent to search school property such as lockers, desks or laptops that are supplied to the student through the school;
- may seize a student's bag where there is suspicion that the student has a dangerous item (for example, a knife) in their school bag, prior to seeking consent to search from a parent or calling the police;

- consent from the student or parent is required to examine or otherwise deal with the temporarily removed student property. For example, staff who temporarily remove a mobile phone from a student are not authorised to unlock the phone or to read, copy or delete messages stored on the phone;
- there may, however, be emergency circumstances where it is necessary to search a student's
 property without the student's consent or the consent of the student's parents (e.g. to access
 an EpiPen for an anaphylactic emergency);
- consent from the student or parent is required to search the person of a student (e.g. pockets or shoes). If consent is not provided and a search is considered necessary, the police and the student's parents should be called to make such a determination.

Parents of students at Burrowes State School

- ensure your children do not bring property onto schools grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
 - is prohibited according to the Burrowes State School Student Code of Conduct
 - o is illegal
 - o puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
 - o does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
 - o does not maintain and foster mutual respect;
- collect temporarily removed student property as soon as possible after they have been notified by the Principal or state school staff that the property is available for collection.

Students of Burrowes State School

- do not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
 - is prohibited according to the Burrowes State School Code of Conduct
 - o is illegal
 - o puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
 - o does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
 - o does not maintain and foster mutual respect;
- collect their property as soon as possible when advised by the Principal or state school staff it is available for collection.

Use of mobile phones and other devices by students

Digital literacy refers to the skills needed to live, learn and work in a society where communication and access to information is dominated by digital technologies like mobile phones. However, the benefits brought about through these diverse technologies can be easily overshadowed by deliberate misuse which harms others or disrupts learning.

In consultation with the broader school community, Burrowes State School has determined that explicit teaching of responsible use of mobile phones and other devices is a critical component of digital literacy. The knowledge and confidence to navigate and use these technologies safely while developing digital literacy is a responsibility shared between parents, school staff and students.

It is also agreed that time and space should be provided at school where technology is not permitted, and students are encouraged to engage in other social learning and development activities.

Responsibilities

The requirement for all students is to **turn off and hand their mobile phones into the front office** of administration when they arrive at school. (except those students with an exemption). If a student uses a wearable device then they must disable notifications while on school grounds.

Any student that needs their mobile phone or wearable device due to medical, wellbeing or disability reasons must apply for a formal exemption in writing via their relevant year level Deputy Principal.

The responsibilities for students using mobile phones, wearable devices or other devices at school or during school activities, are outlined below.

It is **acceptable** for students at Burrowes State School to:

- use mobile phones or other devices
 - before or after school hours
 - $\circ ~$ in an emergency as directed by school staff

It is **unacceptable** for students at Burrowes State School to:

- have their mobile phone on their person or in their school bag or desk during the school day.
- use a mobile phone or other devices in an unlawful manner
- use a mobile phone during the school day
- download, distribute or publish offensive messages or pictures
- use obscene, inflammatory, racist, discriminatory or derogatory language
- use language and/or threats of violence that may amount to bullying and/or harassment, or even stalking
- insult, harass or attack others or use obscene or abusive language
- damage computers, printers or network equipment
- commit plagiarism or violate copyright laws
- ignore teacher directions for the use of social media, online email and internet chat
- send chain letters or spam email (junk mail)
- knowingly download viruses or any other programs capable of breaching the department's network security
- use in-phone cameras anywhere a normal camera would be considered inappropriate, such as in change rooms or toilets
- invade someone's privacy by recording personal conversations or daily activities and/or the further distribution (e.g. forwarding, texting, uploading, Bluetooth use etc.) of such material
- take into or use mobile devices at exams or during class assessment unless expressly permitted by school staff.
- use a mobile phone (including those with Bluetooth functionality) to cheat during exams or assessments

At all times students, while using ICT facilities and devices supplied by the school, will be required to act in line with the requirements of Burrowes State School Student Code of Conduct. In addition students and their parents should:

- understand the responsibility and behaviour requirements (as outlined by the school) that come with accessing the department's ICT network facilities
- ensure they have the skills to report and discontinue access to harmful information if presented via the internet or email
- be aware that:
 - access to ICT facilities and devices provides valuable learning experiences for students and supports the school's teaching and learning programs
 - the school is not responsible for safeguarding information stored by students on departmentally-owned student computers or mobile devices
 - schools may remotely access departmentally-owned student computers or mobile devices for management purposes
 - students who use a school's ICT facilities and devices in a manner that is not appropriate may be subject to disciplinary action by the school, which could include restricting network access
 - despite internal departmental controls to manage content on the internet, illegal, dangerous or offensive information may be accessed or accidentally displayed
 - teachers will always exercise their duty of care, but avoiding or reducing access to harmful information also requires responsible use by the student.

Please note: School staff will not manage online incidents that do not directly affect teaching and learning at Burrowes State School. If students are behaving in an unacceptable manner,

online, out of school hours it is recommended that parents refer this matter directly to <u>https://www.esafety.gov.au/</u> or the police.

Preventing and responding to bullying

Burrowes State School uses the <u>Australian Student Wellbeing Framework</u> to promote positive relationships and the wellbeing of all students, staff and visitors at the school.

Our staff know student learning is optimised when they feel connected to others and experience safe and trusting relationships. Students who feel secure are more likely to be active participants in their learning and to achieve better physical, emotional, social and educational outcomes. Teachers who feel valued and supported are more likely to engage positively with students and build stronger connections within the school community. Parents who are positively engaged with their child's education leads to improved student self-esteem, attendance and behaviour at school. Enhancing the wellbeing of students and their educators delivers overall long-term social, health and economic benefits to the Australian community.

Burrowes State School uses the following framework to structure a preventative approach to managing bullying.



1. Leadership

Principals and school leaders playing an active role in building a positive learning environment where the whole school community feels included, connected, safe and respected.

2. Inclusion

All members of the school community actively participating in building a welcoming school culture that values diversity, and fosters positive, respectful relationships.

3. Student voice

Students actively participate in their own learning and wellbeing, feel connected and use their social and emotional skills to be respectful, resilient and safe.

4. Partnerships

Families and communities collaborating as partners with the school to support student learning, safety and wellbeing.

5. Support

School staff, students and families sharing and cultivating an understanding of wellbeing and positive behaviour and how this supports effective teaching and learning.

Bullying

The agreed national definition for Australian schools describes bullying as

- ongoing and deliberate misuse of power in relationships through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that intends to cause physical, social and/or psychological harm;
- involving an individual or a group misusing their power, or perceived power, over one or more persons who feel unable to stop it from happening;
- happening in person or online, via various digital platforms and devices and it can be obvious (overt) or hidden (covert). Bullying behaviour is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated, over time (for example, through sharing of digital records);
- having immediate, medium and long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders. Single incidents and conflict or fights between equals, whether in person or online, are not defined as bullying.

Behaviours that do not constitute bullying include:

- mutual arguments and disagreements (where there is no power imbalance)
- not liking someone or a single act of social rejection
- one-off acts of meanness or spite
- isolated incidents of aggression, intimidation or violence.

However, these conflicts are still considered serious and need to be addressed and resolved. At Burrowes State School our staff will work to quickly respond to any matters raised of this nature in collaboration with students and parents.

At Burrowes State School we use the High Five.

High Five+

The High Five behavioural approach will continue to be utilised at Burrowes State School in 2020 and beyond and is regularly revisited during assemblies. Posters have been displayed throughout the school for students and visiting parents to familiarise themselves with the process. Teachers will be following this up with classroom lessons throughout the term, based on the five steps of the High Five process.

Steps of the High Five:

- 1. Ignore
- 2. Friendly Talk
- 3. Walk Away
- 4. Firm Talk
- 5. Report

What is the High Five?

- It is an effective strategy to develop problem-solving strategies for our students
- A whole school approach that can also eradicate bullying
- It is a 5 step problem solving strategy that can be used in the classroom, in the playground and for perceived bullying incidents

When students report incidences to teachers' on duty, they shall be checking that students' have followed the High Five process before reporting the incident. This will ensure a consistency of practice and the upskilling of students in relation to the process. Using the High Five steps will assist all students, as it empowers them to take control of the situation and ensure that all students at Burrowes State School are playing safely and following the rules. Parents please talk with your children re this process. I am positive that as a united team; we can ensure a continued successful implementation of the High Five program at Burrowes State School.



The following flowchart explains the actions Burrowes State School teachers will take when they receive a report about student bullying, including bullying which may have occurred online or outside of the school setting. Please note that the indicative timeframes will vary depending on the professional judgment of teachers who receive the bullying complaint and their assessment of immediate risk to student/s.

Burrowes State School - Bullying response flowchart for teachers

Please note these timelines may be adjusted depending on the unique circumstances and risk associated with each situation. This is at the professional judgment of the staff involved. Timeframes should be clearly discussed and agreed with student and family.

Key contacts for students and parents to report bullying: Prep to Year 6 – Class teacher Deputy Principal Year 6 & Behaviour – David Gurney, 07 3802 3333 Deputy Principal Year 4 & 5 – Neil Ewing 07 3802 3333

Deputy Principal Year 2 & 3 – Bec Diamond 07 3802 3333 Deputy Principal PrePrep & Prep– Tegan Douglas 07 3802 3333

Provide a safe, quiet space to talk First hour Reassure the student that you will listen to them • Let them share their experience and feelings without interruption Listen If you hold immediate concerns for the student's safety, let the student know how you will address these. Immediate in this circumstance is where the staff member believes the student is likely to experience harm (from others or self) within the next 24 hours Ask the student for examples they have of the alleged bullying (e.g. hand written notes or Day one screenshots) Write a record of your communication with the student Document Check back with the student to ensure you have the facts correct . Enter the record in OneSchool ٠ • Notify parent/s that the issue of concern is being investigated Gather additional information from other students, staff or family . Day two Review any previous reports or records for students involved • Collect Make sure you can answer who, what, where, when and how ٠ Clarify information with student and check on their wellbeing • Evaluate the information to determine if bullying has occurred or if another disciplinary matter is at issue Make a time to meet with the student to discuss next steps Day three Ask the student what they believe will help address the situation Discuss Engage the student as part of the solution • • Provide the student and parent with information about student support network Agree to a plan of action and timeline for the student, parent and yourself • Document the plan of action in OneSchool Day four Complete all actions agreed with student and parent within agreed timeframes • Implement Monitor student and check in regularly on their wellbeing Seek assistance from student support network if needed Meet with the student to review situation Day five Discuss what has changed, improved or worsened Explore other options for strengthening student wellbeing or safety • Review Report back to parent • Record outcomes in OneSchool Continue to check in with student on regular basis until concerns have been mitigated Ongoing Record notes of follow-up meetings in OneSchool Follow up Refer matter to specialist staff within 48 hours if problems escalate • • Look for opportunities to improve school wellbeing for all students

Cyberbullying

Cyberbullying is treated at Burrowes State School with the same level of seriousness as in-person bullying. The major difference with cyberbullying however, is that unlike in-person bulling, cyberbullying follows students into their community, their homes and their bedrooms, giving them no opportunity to escape the harassment or abuse during the evening, weekends or holidays.

In the first instance, students or parents who wish to make a report about cyberbullying should approach the regular class teacher (for students in primary year levels). There is also a dedicated senior leadership officer, Deputy Principal, Year 5/6 & Behaviour David Gurney who can be approached directly by students, parents or staff for assistance in preventing and responding to cyberbullying.

It is important for students, parents and staff to know that state school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds. This includes cyberbullying. Parents and students who have concerns about cyberbullying incidents occurring during school holidays should immediately seek assistance through the <u>Office of the e-Safety Commissioner</u> or the Queensland Police Service.

Students enrolled at Burrowes State School may face in-school disciplinary action, such as detention or removing of privileges, or more serious consequences such as suspension or exclusion from school for engaging in behaviour that adversely affects, or is likely to adversely affect, other students or the good order and management of the school. This includes behaviour such as cyberbullying which occurs outside of school hours or settings, for example on the weekend or during school holidays. It also applies to inappropriate online behaviour of enrolled students that is directed towards other community members or students from other school sites.

Parents or other stakeholders who engage in inappropriate online behaviour towards students, staff or other parents may be referred to the Office of the e-Safety Commissioner and/or the Queensland Police Service. State school staff will be referred for investigation to the Integrity and Employee Relations team in the Department of Education. Any questions or concerns about the school process for managing or responding to cyberbullying should be directed to the Principal, Trish Wilmott.

Burrowes State School - Cyberbullying response flowchart for school staff

How to manage online incidents that impact your school

Student protection

If at any point the principal forms a reasonable suspicion that a student has been harmed or is at risk of harm, they have a responsibility to respond in accordance with the <u>Student</u> protection procedure.

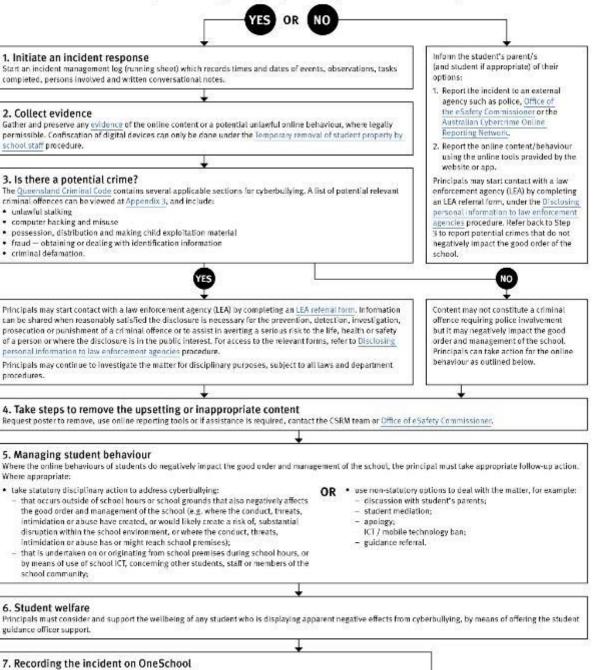
Explicit images

If the investigation involves naked or explicit images of children, staff should not save, copy, forward or otherwise deal with the content, as per the Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure. This includes onto OneSchool records. Refer to the investigative process outlined in 'Responding to incidents involving naked or explicit images of children' from the <u>Online Incident</u> management guidelines.

Report

Refer to the Online Incident management guidelines for more details, or if assistance is required, contact the Cybersafety and Reputation Management (CSRM)team on 3034 5035 or Cybersafety, ReputationManagement@qed.qld, gov.au.

Does the online behaviour/incident negatively impact the good order and management of the school?



Cybersafety and Reputation Management (CRM)

The Department of Education employs a dedicated team of experts to assist in maintaining the integrity of the department's reputation with regards to cybersafety and reputation management issues, effectively leading the development and implementation of departmental cybersafety processes.

This team provides **direct support for schools** to respond to concerns of inappropriate online behaviour and misuse of information and communication technology.

The team provides a <u>guide for parents</u> with important information about cybersafety and cyberbullying, and suggestions about what you can do if your child is a target or responsible for inappropriate online behaviour.

The team has also developed a <u>Cyberbullying and reputation management</u> (Department employees only) resource to assist principals in incident management.

For more information about cybersafety sessions at your school, or for assistance with issues relating to online behaviour, contact the <u>team</u> (Department employees only).

Student Intervention and Support Services

Burrowes State School recognises the need to provide intervention and support to all students involved in incidents of bullying, including cyberbullying.

Students who have been subject or witness to bullying have access to a range of internal support staff, as identified in the Student Support Network section earlier in this document. Students are, however, also encouraged to approach any staff member with whom they feel comfortable sharing their concerns, regardless of their role in the school. All staff at Burrowes State School are familiar with the response expectations to reports of bullying, and will act quickly to ensure students' concerns are addressed. Depending on the nature of the reported bullying incident, a formal plan of action may be developed and documented to support the implementation of strategies to assist the student.

Students who engage in bullying behaviours towards others will also be provided with support to assist them to use more socially acceptable and appropriate behaviours in their interactions. This includes counselling, social development programs, referral to mental health services or involvement in a restorative justice strategy. School disciplinary measures may also be used to reinforce the seriousness with which the community takes all incidents of bullying. These measures may include internal school suspension, withdrawal from social events or celebrations or more severe punishments such as suspension or exclusion from school.

Restrictive Practices

School staff at Burrowes State School need to respond to student behaviour that presents a risk of physical harm to the student themselves or others. It is anticipated that most instances of risky behaviour can be deescalated and resolved quickly. On some rarer occasions, a student's behaviour may continue to escalate and staff need to engage immediately with positive and proactive strategies aimed at supporting the student to manage their emotional arousal and behaviour.

In some very rare situations, where there is immediate risk of physical harm to the student or other people, and when all other alternative strategies have failed to reduce the risk, it may be necessary for staff to use restrictive practices.

The use of restrictive practices will always be as a last resort, when there is no other available option for reducing immediate risk to the student, staff or other people. Restrictive practices are not used for punishment or as a disciplinary measure.

The department's **<u>Restrictive practices procedure</u>** is written with consideration for the protection of everyone's human rights, health, safety and welfare. There are six fundamental principles:

- 1. Regard to the human rights of those students
- 2. Safeguards students, staff and others from harm
- 3. Ensures transparency and accountability
- 4. Places importance on communication and consultation with parents and carers
- 5. Maximises the opportunity for positive outcomes, and
- 6. Aims to reduce or eliminate the use of restrictive practices.

Very rarely restrictive practices will be planned and staff will employ, when necessary, pre-arranged strategies and methods (of physical restraint/ mechanical restraint/ clinical holding) which are based upon behaviour risk assessment or clinical health need and are recorded in advance. The use of planned strategies will only be where there is foreseeable immediate risk consistent with the **Restrictive practices procedure**.

Seclusion will not be used as a planned response and will only be used in serious circumstances for managing an unforeseeable situation in an emergency. It will be used for the shortest time possible and in a safe area that presents no additional foreseeable risk to the student. In such emergencies, a staff member will observe the student at all times and seclusion will cease as soon as possible.

Following the use of any restrictive practice, a focused review will help staff to understand how they responded to the risk in any incident that involved the use of a restrictive practice. Staff will consider whether there are other options for managing a similar situation in the future. This strategy works well for reducing the use of restrictive practices.

All incidents of restrictive practices will be recorded and reported in line with departmental procedures.

Critical Incidents

It is important that all school staff have a consistent understanding of how to respond in emergencies involving student behaviour that seriously endangers the student or others. This consistency ensures that appropriate actions are taken to ensure that both students and staff are kept safe.

A critical incident is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action (e.g. in the community, on the road). The aim in these situations is to bring the behaviour of the student under rapid and safe control. It is not a time to try and to punish or discipline the student; it is a crisis management period only.

Staff should follow the documented plan for any student involved in regular critical incidents, which should be saved and available for staff to review in OneSchool.

For unexpected critical incidents, staff should use basic defusing techniques:

- 1. Avoid escalating the problem behaviour: Avoid shouting, cornering the student, moving into the student's space, touching or grabbing the student, sudden responses, sarcasm, becoming defensive, communicating anger and frustration through body language.
- 2. Maintain calmness, respect and detachment: Model the behaviour you want students to adopt, stay calm and controlled, use a serious measured tone, choose your language carefully, avoid humiliating the student, be matter of fact and avoid responding emotionally.
- 3. Approach the student in a non-threatening manner: Move slowly and deliberately toward the problem situation, speak privately to the student/s where possible, speak calmly and respectfully, minimise body language, keep a reasonable distance, establish eye level position, be brief, stay with the agenda, acknowledge cooperation, withdraw if the situation escalates.
- 4. Follow through: If the student starts displaying the appropriate behaviour briefly acknowledge their choice and re-direct other students' attention towards their usual work/activity. If the student continues with the problem behaviour, then remind them of the expected school behaviour and identify consequences of continued unacceptable behaviour.

Debrief: At an appropriate time when there is low risk of re-escalation, help the student to identify the sequence of events that led to the unacceptable behaviour, pinpoint decision moments during the sequence of events, evaluate decisions made, and identify acceptable decision options for future situations.

Related Procedures and Guidelines

These are related procedures or guidelines which school staff use to inform decisions and actions around matters associated with students wellbeing, behaviour and learning.

- Cancellation of enrolment
- Complex case management
- Customer complaints management policy and procedure
- Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies
- Enrolment in state primary, secondary and special schools
- Hostile people on school premises, wilful disturbance and trespass
- Inclusive education
- Police and Child Safety Officer interviews and searches with students
- Restrictive practices
- Refusal to enrol Risk to safety or wellbeing
- Student discipline
- Student dress code
- Student protection
- Supporting students' mental health and wellbeing
- Temporary removal of student property by school staff
- Use of ICT systems
- Using mobile devices

Resources

- <u>Australian Professional Standards for Teachers</u>
- <u>Behaviour Foundations professional development package</u> (school employees only)
- Bullying. No Way!
- <u>eheadspace</u>
- Kids Helpline
- Office of the eSafety Commissioner
- Parent and community engagement framework
- Parentline
- Queensland Department of Education School Discipline
- Raising Children Network
- Student Wellbeing Hub

Conclusion

Burrowes State School staff are committed to ensuring every student is supported to feel safe, welcome and valued in our school. There may, however, be occasions where parents need to raise a concern or make a complaint about an issue you feel is adversely affecting their child's education.

All Queensland state schools are committed to ensuring that all complaints - whether they relate to a school staff member or a school's operations - are dealt with in a fair and equitable manner. As a parent or carer, you can express dissatisfaction with the service or action of the Department of Education or its staff, including decisions made or actions taken in a school and/or by the local regional office.

As a complainant, it is your responsibility to:

- give us a clear idea of the issue or concern and your desired solution
- provide all the relevant information when making the complaint
- understand that addressing a complaint can take time
- cooperate respectfully and understand that unreasonable, abusive, or disrespectful conduct will not be tolerated
- let us know if something changes, including if help is no longer needed.

The Department of Education may not proceed with your complaint if your conduct is unreasonable.

In most instances, staff members are told of complaints made about them and offered the right of reply. A complainant also has the right to have a support person throughout the process.

The following three-step approach assists parents and school staff in reaching an outcome that is in the best interests of the student:

1. Early resolution: discuss your complaint with the school

The best place to raise any concerns is at the point where the problem or issue arose. You can make an appointment at the school to discuss your complaint with your child's teacher or the principal. You are also welcome to lodge your complaint in writing or over the phone. You can also make a complaint through <u>QGov</u>.

Complaints may be lodged by telephone, writing or in electronic format. Email addresses can be accessed through the <u>schools directory</u>.

2. Internal review: contact the local Regional Office

If, after taking the early resolution step, you are dissatisfied with the outcome of your complaint or how the complaint was handled, you can ask the local <u>regional office</u> to conduct a review. You need to submit a <u>Request for internal review form</u> within 28 days of receiving the complaint outcome.

3. External review: contact a review authority if you are dissatisfied after the internal review, you may wish to contact a review authority, such as the Queensland Ombudsman, and request an independent, external review. More information about external review options is available at www.ombudsman.qld.gov.au.

Some matters need to be handled in a different way to school matters and will be referred to other areas in the department. These include:

- issues about harm, or risk of harm, to a student attending a state school, which must be managed in accordance with the <u>Student protection procedure.</u>
- complaints about corrupt conduct, public interest disclosures; or certain decisions made under legislation, which will be dealt with as outlined in the <u>Excluded complaints</u> <u>factsheet</u>.